

Capital: Itanagar
Formation / statehood: 20 February 1987 (statehood; earlier a Union Territory)
Official language(s): English
Public Service Commission: APPSC (Arunachal)
Flagship exam: Arunachal Pradesh Civil Services

OVERVIEW

Arunachal Pradesh is the northeasternmost state of India, sharing international borders with Bhutan, China, and Myanmar. It was granted full statehood in 1987 and is known for Himalayan terrain, diverse tribal communities, and Buddhist monasteries.

FOCUS TOPICS

- Northeast border geography
- Tawang and Buddhist heritage
- Statehood and constitutional status
- Tribal cultures and festivals
- Arunachal Pradesh PSC exams

QUESTIONS AND ANSWERS

1. What is the capital of Arunachal Pradesh?

Answer: Itanagar

2. In which year did Arunachal Pradesh become a full state of India?

Answer: 1987

3. Which famous Buddhist monastery is located in the Tawang district?

Answer: Tawang Monastery

4. Which country shares a border with Arunachal Pradesh to the north?

Answer: China (Tibet region)

5. Which river is associated with the Tawang valley region?

Answer: Tawang Chu

6. What is the official language used for government work in Arunachal Pradesh?

Answer: English

7. Which commission conducts civil services recruitment in Arunachal Pradesh?

Answer: Arunachal Pradesh Public Service Commission

8. Which festival of the Apatani tribe is widely noted in Arunachal Pradesh?

Answer: Dree festival

9. Which high-altitude pass in Arunachal Pradesh connects routes toward the Tibet region?

Answer: Sela Pass

10. Before statehood, Arunachal Pradesh was administered as what type of territory?

Answer: Union Territory

NOTE

This compact sheet covers stable static GK. Verify changing administrative facts, current affairs and the latest exam scheme from official state government and PSC websites.

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