

Capital: Gangtok
Formation / statehood: 16 May 1975 (became the 22nd state of India)
Official language(s): English, Nepali, Bhutia, Lepcha (multi-official status)
Public Service Commission: SPSC
Flagship exam: Sikkim Civil Services

OVERVIEW

Sikkim is a Himalayan state nestled between Nepal, Bhutan, and Tibet (China) with Gangtok as the capital. It joined India as the 22nd state on 16 May 1975 and is known for Kanchenjunga peaks, monasteries, and organic farming policy.

FOCUS TOPICS

- Himalayan borders and passes
- 1975 statehood
- Kanchenjunga peak
- Buddhist monasteries
- Sikkim PSC exams

QUESTIONS AND ANSWERS

1. What is the capital of Sikkim?
Answer: Gangtok
2. On which date did Sikkim become a state of India?
Answer: 16 May 1975
3. Which peak on the Sikkim-Nepal border is the highest mountain in India?
Answer: Kanchenjunga
4. Which Public Service Commission conducts Sikkim civil services exams?
Answer: Sikkim Public Service Commission (SPSC)
5. Which pass connects Sikkim with the Tibet region?
Answer: Nathu La
6. Which river valley is central to Sikkim geography?
Answer: Teesta river valley
7. Which monastery near Gangtok is a major Buddhist site?
Answer: Rumtek Monastery
8. Which countries border Sikkim?
Answer: Nepal, Bhutan, and China (Tibet)
9. Which language communities include Bhutia and Lepcha in Sikkim?
Answer: Bhutia and Lepcha (alongside Nepali)
10. Which Indian state lies to the south of Sikkim across the Siliguri corridor?
Answer: West Bengal

NOTE

This compact sheet covers stable static GK. Verify changing administrative facts, current affairs and the latest exam scheme from official state government and PSC websites.

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